Republican National League Convention Opens at Milwaukee,

PLENTY OF ENTHUSIASM IS ON TAP

President McAlpin Accuses the Demorracy of Trying to Array the East and West Against Each Other.

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 25 .- The delegations to the republican national league convention were slow in assembling at Exposition hall and it was nearly noon before President McAlpin called the convention to order. The delegates began to straggle in as early as 19 a. m., and from that time on the crowd slowly augmented, much to the impatience of spectators, who were on hand for the opening, which was scheduled for

The first distinguished personage to arrive was J. E. Byrnes, who was sergeantat-arms of the St. Louis convention. came in and took a seat with the Minnesota delegation. The New York delegation came in, carrying at their head the banner awarded the Buffalo club for the largest attendance at the meeting at Cleveland and singing a campaign song. The orchestra saluted them with a medicy of airs. The handsome banners and the stars and stripes also carried by the delegation were taken up on the stand and arranged on the side of the McKinley and Hobart pictures amid the applause of the New Yorkers, who were first to awaken enthusiasm in the gather-ing. The band played "Old Kentucky Home" and "My Maryland," but "Dixie"

brought forth the first yell.

Secretary Dowling came in at 11 o'clock and was greeted when he appeared on the stage. The New Yorkers kept up the accompaniament by shouting for McAipin. The Gordon people called their bluff and shouted "What's the matter with Gordon?" "He's all right." The Wisconsin boys gave the university yell and then somebody wanted to know what was the matter with Milwaukee, and the crowd yelled, "She's all right." ought forth the first yell.

right."
Amphron quartet of Company A Boys in Blue, of Rochester, N. Y., sung a campaign song which was loudly applauded.
They responded to an encore, taking the platform. Their second song made even a greater hit than the first.

M'ALPIN TAKES HIS SEAT. At 11:10 a. m. General McAipin took his seat on the platform, and was given a great ovation. The New Yorkers stood up, wav-ing their hats and shouting, "What's the matter with McAlpin? He's all right." The Maryland delegation then came in with waving gold hats, which harmonized nicely with the yellow decorations of the hall. soon as the uproar subsided, President McAlpin said: 'The convention will be in order. The delegates will be seated. Divine blessing will be asked by Rev. Dr. Huns-

berger of Milwaukee." the prayer General McAlpin introduced Mayor Rauschenberger, who made a brief speech of welcome. When the mayor finished the crowd cheered him and gave a rousing cheer for the city of Milwaukee. Samuel A. Harper, president of the Wisconsin State League of Republican Clubs, was then introduced and was greeted by the Wisconsin University yell from the Wisconsin delegation. He made a speech of wel-come in behalf of the Wisconsin State league. Mr. Harper was frequently interrupted by applause. When he touched upon the money question and expressed the money views of the Wisconsin republicans, somebody shouted: "That's the stuff." Mr. Harper was

loudly applauded.
At the close of Mr. Harper's speech President McAlpin presented Captain I. M. Bear of Milwaukee, who welcomed the delegates on behalf of the general committee. Additional speakers for tomorrow night were announced as follows: T. E. Byrnes of Minnesota, Senator John C. Spooner of Wisconsin, F. X. Schoonmaker of New Jersey and Webster Davis of Missouri.

Mrs. J. Ellen Foster of Washington, who to make an address, occupied a seat on the platform while the addresses of welcome were being made.

Bert Morphy, the celebrated English bari-

tone, who has created a furore wherever be has appeared, and who is now under the direction of the national committee, rendered a stirring campaign solo, accompanied by the orchestra, and at the conclusion of each verse of the patriotic song the audience

REPUDIATES REPUDIATION. General McAlpin introduced D. D. Wood mansee of Ohio to respond to the addresses of welcome. He was cheered and began his speech by thanking the conference for his reception. On behalf of the young re-publicans of the United States he thanked the Wisconsin people for their welcome. The party, he said, was entering on a great campaign, the greatest since the boys went out in 1860 to save the country. Repudi-ation and anarchy went hand in hand and W. J. Bryan represented these principles. It would be worse, he said, to open our fac-tories to foreign labor than to open our mints to the silver of the world. Who was it that rejoiced in the nomination of Wil-liam McKinley? he asked. It was the patriots of the land, the fathers and sons who felt that their homes needed protection, and as certain as November came William Mc-Kinley would be elected president of the United States. He told a story of war days and how the strains of "Home, Sweet Home," had caused to armies to lay down their arms and jump in the ramparts to greet each other. The American homes togreet each other. The American homes to-day are in danger, and he closed by calling upon the delegates to go home and work to save the homes. The speech made an im-pression and Mr. Woodmansee was cheered to the echo. At this point in the proceed-ings following Mr Woodmansee was cheered President McAlpin arose and delivered his annual address, which was as follows: "If I understand the present conditions

"If I understand the present conditions aright and interpret correctly the action of the various conventions that followed the republican convention, we appeal to our fel-low citizens above and beyond our belief in our own party, along lines broader and higher than that, and ask that as a matter of patriotism there shall be a united front opposed to those who are trifling with the nation's credit by disturbing her business interests by appealing to human prejudices as a means of arraying section against section, or class against class, in the hope of gaining political preferment.

"Abuse is not argument. More vilification is not convincing. Campaigns we have had in which our people differed widely on questions of governmental policy and where popular feeling ran high, but never since the adoption of the constitution, with the single exception of the period of secession. has the integrity of the government been

SECTION AGAINST SECTION. "For the first time since civil war divided

this nation, and at moments when memories of strife are being awakened into a close brotherhood, a deliberate effort in being made to array one section against another and by fervid appears to passion and preju-dice to array in bitter strife the different social classes that combine to make our Have sacrificed lives and treasure ceased

to teach their lesson? Grave, indeed, is the responsibility upon any man who would try he stands within the shadow of the reas he stands within the shadow of the re-bellion, to deliberately divide the country into sections; her people into classes, array-ing them against each other either for per-sonal advantage or to subserve pulitical ends. Such a course, although begun merely in public discussions, will, if persisted in threaten the permanency of our justifutions. That such a effort will not be successful firmly believe. The superior judgment of

and vagaries of the Chicago convention, but with us are many to whom we have been previously politically opposed. Their assistance we would welcome and their mo-

services and a renewal of our zeal. We are pledged not only as republicans but as men and patriots to stand by the nation in this, its second great peril. There can be no honest difference of opinion as to the exact and most responsible cause for the present public unrest and uncertainty. Many elements combine to bring about the pres-ent condition of affairs, but the question of our national currency is for the time upper-most in the public mind

FALLACY OF BRYANISM.

"We are told by our political opponents re-cently assembled at Chicago that the gov-ernment shall coin the silver of the world into dollars actually worth 53 cents in merchandise value and declare them worth 100 cents. The government must, therefore, present from its own fund of credit 47 cents he would not accept if nominated. When citizens of that amount of property which they have already accumulated. For myself, I protest against the existence of trusts, and walked over, put his hand on Mr. Fish's plause, after which Senator Edgar T. Brack-state and the same time to compelling the govern-100 cents. The government must, therefore, an absolute standard, and to disburse it at a fictitious one. Such a course is oppos the spirit of our institutions and contrary to the functions of government. The nation's integrity rests not alone upon the surplus in its vaults, but in the reserve power of labor in its citizens and their ca-pacity and opportunity for employment. To continually draw upon the one will as surely

dissipate it as will free values and abnormal standards destroy the other. "I have full faith in the honesty of the American people. I do not believe that they can be deceived into doing what is for their own personal disadvantage, any more than they can be led to turn their backs upon a line of policy which has made it possible for them to gather and preserve what they have. I will esteem it my greatest honor to have presided over your deliberations if the results of this convention shall tend to re-awaken our patriotism, stimulate our love of country and raise again to the gaze of the peoples of the earth the banner of our nation's honor and integrity. This can best be accomplished by the election of McKinley and Hobart and a congress that will take care of the interests of the whole people for the greatest good to the greatest num-

Captain I. M. Bean, on behalf of the general committee of arrangements for the convention, delivered a carefully prepared political address.

Judge Raymond moved that resolutions

be referred to the committee without read-ing and the motion prevailed.

SEND GREETINGS TO M'KINLEY. Mr. Higgins of Indiana moved that the ecretary of the convention send a message of greeting to Major McKinley at Canton, extending hearty greetings and declaring that the members of republican nactonal league clubs will most heartily support the ticket, and that this convention feels certain of his overwhelming election. The mo-tion prevailed. An amendment was offered and adopted to send the message to Mr. Hobart. Mr. Budy of Ohio moved the appointment of the committee by delegations and his motion prevailed. Mr. Lynch of Ohio moved that the reports

of state organization be handed in imme-diately after meeting in the afternoon, as many states were not present to report at once. The motion was declared carried. The roll call of states was dispensed with and then Secretary Dowling read a number of dispatches from McKinley, Hobart,

Depew, Governor Hastings and others.

The following appointments of sergeantsat-arms were announced; Charles Rosenbrock, Maryland; Luke T. Walker, Tennessee; Wellington I. Rich, North Dakota; L.

B. Vaughan, Illinois. Secretary Dowling announced that at th afternoon session A. B. Cummings of Iowa. Mrs. Ellen Foster and Congressman Me-Cleary of Minnesota would speak, and then Among the telegrams of regret were the

to disappoint you, but I am constrained to adhere to my declination of your urgent invitation to attend the league convention. WILLIAM M'KINLEY.

PATERSON, N. J., Aug. 25.—I cannot possibly leave New York headquarters. My presence there is imperative.

NEW YORK, Aug. 25.—I tannot possibly leave New York headquarters. My presence there is imperative.

NEW YORK, Aug. 25.—I thank you for your kind invitation to be present at the league meeting; am sorry that pressing business will detain me. Trusting that the meeting will come off satisfactorily, I am with heat wishes yours truly. with best wishes, yours truly,
M. A. HANNA.

At a caucus of the delegates from the American College Republican league the delegation decided to cast for C. U. Gordon the full fifty votes to which the league is entitled and to use every henorable means to further his election as president of the epublican League of the United States. The newspaper men who are competent judges all agree that more artistic decora-tions and better effects were never seen in a convention hall.

KEEP WIRES BUSY INTO CANTON. McKinley Clubs Organize and Pour

CANTON, O., Aug. 25 .- The following adlitional telegrams of organization of Mc-Kinley and Hobart clubs have been re-

LEWISTON, Idaho, Aug. 25—McKinley and Hobart league in this place, 299 strong sends greetings. Total vote in precinct in 1892 was 393. Patriotism has not all fallen

sends greetings. Total vote in precinct in 1892 was 393. Patriotism has not all fallen into a silver mine.

JOHN L. CHAPMAN, Secretary.

GREENVILLE, Ill. Aug. 25.—Our republican club, 20 strong, just organized, sends greetings and pledges support for protection and sound money.

H. B. HENNINGER, President,
J. I. BUNCH, Secretary.

ST. LOUIS PARK, Minn. Aug. 25.—Sound Money club of St. Louis Park, 100 strong, sends greetings and wishes you success.

J. S. HUNTER, Secretary.

J. S. HUNTER, Secretary.

ROCK ISLAND, DL, Aug. 25.—Rock Island Lincoln club, 1,200 strong, sends greetings and assurances that Rock Island, in common with Illinois, is all right for protection reciprocity and honest money.

J. RINK, Secretary.

J. RINK, Secretary.
WADSWORTH, Nev., Aug. 25.—Wadsworth McKinley and Hobert club organized with 110 members. Precinct polling 250.
November 3 will give 150 votes. We are for November 3 will give 150 votes. We are for patriotism, protection and prosperity.

DR. E. A. JACKMAN, President.

HARPER, Kan., Aug. 25.—McKiniey club organized with 150 members in minst of populists.

GEORGE MELVIN.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Aug. 25.—The McKinley club of St. Joseph, 500 strong, sends greetings to the great exponent of protection and sound money. tion and sound money. E. D. ATTLEBURY, F. O. MARTIN. O. M. GILMER. Committee.

O. M. GILMER,
Committee,
GARRETT, Ind., Ang 25.—Garrett, Ind.,
this evening organized a McKiniev and
Hobart club with 200 voters enrolled as
active members. We send you greefings
and predict for Indiana one of the largest
majorities ever given.
CHARLES SULLIVAN President.
PORTSMOUTH, O., Aug. 25.—Second
Ward McKiniev club. 200 strong and growing, organized last night and sends affectings. Southern Ohio wants protection for
factories and workingmen.
A. J. FULLEY, President.
B. H. DILLON, Secretary.
FRANKLIN, O., Aug. 25.—McKlidey and
Hobart club organized with 400 members
and more to follow. Congratulations.
ALEXANDER HOWWILL President.
W. G. ALEXANDER, Secretary.

Trip to Canton. CANTON, Aug. 25.—Garrett A. Hobart, republican candidate for vice president arrived at the Pennsylvania at noon today. He was accompanied by H. H. Kohlsaat. Mr. Hobart's second trip to Canton. The creeting between Major McKinley and Mr. cunning phrases of political platforms or the harangues of political demagogues. In the coming struggle, not only the republican party is arrayed against the threatenings published before Thursday.

tives respect.

We are here for a reconsecration in party New York Republicans Take Two Ballots

Warner Miller Loses His Sent in the Convention\_Platform Ridicules Sixteen-to-One Silver and Uphelds Protection.

SARATOGA, N. Y., Aug. 25.-Thomas C. ment to take the entire product of one field shoulder, and said: "Fish, I am not in the of industry at a specific price, measured by race, that is positive and final. Get on When Tioga county was your harness now and fight hard. You Pries shouted "Platt! Platt!" and it looked your harness now and fight hard. You as if there would be a stampede, but Mr. people who are candidates will have to fight Platt remained seated and motioned his your own battles."

In some way the Aldridge people had received an intimation of Mr. Platt's final decision, and they, too, were jubilant and immediately established claims of victory. The state republican convention to nominate candidates for governor and lieutenant governor met here today. When Mr. Platt entered the convention hall the entire asentered the convention hall the entire as-semblage arose. The applause was deafen-ing. Mr. Platt's nervousness was apparent, and when one of the bands played "Hall to the Chief." he did not look particularly pleased. As the applause subsided an en-thusiastic spectator shouted, "Three cheers for Thomas C. Platt," and the call was answered with a will. Mr. Platt stopped to shalle hands with Mr. Hiscock and then went to his seat

went to his seat. At 12:22 Benjamin O'Toll in the absence of State Chairman Hackett called the convention to order and Bishop Newman offered

Congressman Frank Black was selected temporary chairman. He delivered a lengthy address in which he discussed the financial issue and criticised the democratic platform

At the conclusion of Chairman Black's speech the usual committees were named and then a recess was taken until 5 p. m. The committee on permanent organization met directly after adjournment and selected General Stewart L. Woodford of Brooklyn as permanent chairman of the committee The most interesting contest before t credentials committee was that from Herkimer, between Titus Sheard, the sitting delegate, and Warner Miller, the latter accusing the former of fraud. The committee's report made the temporary roll permanent, excluding Mr. Miller from a state convention for the first time in thirty years. When the convention assembled, the report was presented. Down the center of the hall from the Herkimer county seats came Warner Miller. His face was full and his lip trembled, as from parts of the hall came cheers. and from others hisses and yells of derision. "Get out! You don't belong here. You are a traitor!" etc. came cries from the galleries. The chairman's gavel was almost useless to quell the uproar. Then Otto Irv-ing Wise of New York made himself heard

ing wise of New York made himself heard above the din.
"I object to Mr. Miller speaking. He is not on the roll of the convention."

Then again the row arose. The crowd in the galleries yelled and again called names. Mr. Miller stood silent in the storm of derision and applause

PLATT TO THE RESCUE. Down in the front, there was Mr. Platt his brows knitted. He started to get to his feet. In an instant there was a calm and in his low voice he was heard to say "Mr. Chairman, I hope and I move that the gentleman be heard."

Organization and anti-organization joined in the applause that followed this clever coup and the gavel of the chairman finally succeeded in restoring order. Mr. Miller then began to speak. His declaration of republicanism, despite such treatment might be accorded him, brought forth storm of applause and his declaration of loyalty to the party was similarly received. He began his address with a mild sarcastic reference to Mr. Platt by saying: "I do not believe that this convention would re-fuse me a hearing. But it seems to me sir, that it took the power of one man (Platt) to grant me that hearing, and I re turn to him my thanks for the courtesy of commanding this convention to give me

hearing." He then reviewed the Herkimer county convention and the primaries to select dele-gates to it, declaring that gross irregularities were numerous and that in the convention he was declared defeated, yet four more votes were east for him than for his opponent. He accepted the decision of the committee, however, and said in closing: "If you do more in this cause from now until November than I shall do, it will be only because you are stronger and more able than I am."

When Mr. Miller finished he was heartily applauded. A motion that had been made to divide the delegation was defeated by a viva voce vote and then Mr. Miller arose in a composed manner and walked down the aisle to the spectators' seats.
When quiet was restored the committee on permanent organization reported General Stewart L. Woodford as the permanent

SOUND MONEY AND TARIFF. At the conclusion of Mr. Woodford's speech he called for the report of the com-mittee on resolutions. Chairman Lemuel Quigg read the report and the platform. as adopted by the committee, was en-dorsed by the convention without debate.

Quigg read the report and the platform, as adopted by the committee, was endorsed by the convention without debate. The platform congratulates the people that the issues of the campaign have been so clearly defined and that there has been no equivocation in any of the party platforms. The resolutions then continue:

The attempt to make an ounce of gold equal in value to only sixteen ounces of silver, when it is now worth thirty ounces, is hopeless and absurd. The United States could not either take nor use the silver that a free coinage law would bring to the mints. This fact is so plain to the world that the mere aunouncement of the success of the democratic ticket would send gold at once to a premium, drive debtors into cruel isquidation and cause a further withdrawal of capital from investment and the further suspension of industry. No fining could be inflicted upon trade and commerce no fruid perpetuated upon labor, no shame visited upon thate and commerce no finited upon trade and commerce no fruid han would be the enactment of a law compelling the people to accept in payment of debts a coln\* for one dollar which they could spend for not much more than half the sum. To allege that our stock of moley is not now sufficient for the transaction of business is mere assertion, but if it were true the evil it implies would not be cured by a law the first and instantianeous effect of which would be to drive out of circulation our entire supply of gold money, more than one-third of the whole. The employment of all the minting resources of the government in toolings of silver dollars only could not in a period of fifteen years make up for the deficiency of the circulation that would result from the fetirement for gold.

Continuing, the resolutions recite that the republican party stands by the resolutions is

Continuing, the resolutions recite that the republican party stands by the resolution pledged to "the maintenance of a pure cir-culation of dollars of a full and equal value" and "for the firm establishment of that policy it asks the support of every citizen who wishes neither to cheat nor be cheated." The resolutions continue: be cheated." The resolutions continue:

It must be constantly borne in mind that the conditions out of which this agitation for free sliver has arisen were created by the democratic assault on the country's manufacturing industries. If there had been no interruption of the employment for the people. The lighter would have been no interruption of the employment for the people. The linerance of \$72.55.460 to the face of the bonded debt, which four years of democratic rule has compelled, while in some massure due to the attacks of congress upon the public credit by the pressure of child act which converted a manthly surplus revenue into a monthly deficit and exposed domestic production to unjust competition. The republican party is wedded to no set

of rates or schedules, but its cardinal prin-ciple is the protection of American in-dustry. A tariff must be chaoted which will provide revenues sufficient to meet the ordinary and necessary expenses of the government and so adjusted as to place American labor without the sacrifice of our high wage system on at least equal terms in our own market with the labor of other lands.

The nomination of McKinley and Hobart is heartily endorsed, as is the platform on which they were placed before the country. The resolutions also endorse the administration of Governor Morton, the Raines liquotax law and the Greater New York bill.

TWO BALLOTS FOR GOVERNOR. Nominations for governor were then de clared to be in order. The names of Gen-eral John Palmer, the present secretary of state; Colonel Archibaid Baxter, Chemang; Congressman Frank S. Black, Renssalaer; Comptroller James A. Roberts, Erie: James

friends to sit down.

İ	sulted as follows:	an. The	banoting 1
1			First, Secon
1	Aldridge		. 224
1	Fish	*******	111
ł	Roberts	********	2. 95
1	Saxton		+ 72
1	Baxter		59
1	Black	*********	36
ł	Wadsworth		75
1	Ellsworth		
ı	Brackett		23
1	Palmer	********	39
1	Hiscock		** ***
ł	Hiscock O'Dell		
1	Fassett		21
ı	Lexow		444
1		1,111,4 111,724,4	Section 1

At the end of the second ballot the convention then adjourned until tomorrow moraing at 11 o'clock.

CHOOSE THE CAUCUS CANDIDATE. Illinois Sound Money Democrats Name

Black for Governor. CHICAGO, Aug. 25.-The democratic gold standard state convention was called to delegates were present, representing every

which was declared carried.
On reconvening Senator Palmer took the floor and named General Black for governor. The speech was received with enthusiasm and at its conclusion General Black was nominated by acclamation.

A complete state ticket, headed by John

C. Black for governor, was placed in nomi-nation. Presidential electors-at-large were also nominated and a delegation to the Indianapolis convention was selected. The platform adopted repudiates the Chicago convention and its nominees, endorses the administration of President Cleveland and declares positively for the gold stand-

STAND SOLID FOR SOUND MONEY. Massachusetts Gold Democrats Pre-

pare for Indianapolis. BOSTON, Aug. 25 .- The convention of gold standard democrats of Massachusetts to adopt a platform and elect delegates to the Indianapolis convention was called to order by ex-Mayor Frederick O, Prince. Hon. J. Russell Reed was made temporary chairman Committees were appointed on permanent delegations to the Indianapolis convention and pending the report of these committees Charles S. Hamlin, assistant secretary of the treasury was introduced amid a tumult of applause. He said in part, "We gather to-gether here today to preserve the prosperity of our people, and the financial integrity of our people. Our old ship of state has go into the hands of a new crew and a captain who is rapidly running it on the rocks of destruction. We have seen delegates elected by the state to our national convention repoved in order that their seats might b filled by those who would vote for a certain man and so that they could have the two thirds vote to elect a man who told them truly that he was not a democrat." Continuing, Mr. Hamlin paid a high eu-

logy to President Cleveland's administration and his works were warmly applauded. Referring to the issues of the hour the

## ON RECORD FOR HONEST MONEY

Democrats of Iowa Meet Today in State Convention.

SENTIMENT GROWING IN THAT DIRECTION

Body Will Be a Representative One, Including Most of the Prominent Lenders of the Jeffersonian Party.

DES MOINES, Aug. 25 .- (Special Tele-Platt this morning refused positively to W. Wadsowrth, Genesee; George W. Alallow the use of his name in connection dridge, Monroe, and Charles T. Saxton were will open at 1 o'clock tomorrow. It is now the bottom has fallen out of the Bryan assured that it will be fully as large a gathering as the regular convention at Otgathering as the regular convention at Ottumwa, and probably considerably larger.
At least 600 delegates are expected, and in PLAINVIEW, Neb., Aug. 25.—(Special addition to this many counties have sent Telegram.)—The Plainview McKinley league full alternate delegations, to increase the completed its organization tonight with an addition to this many counties have sent showing. Scott county has its full thirtythree delegates and the same number of alternates and they deny indignantly the Friday night. allegation that sound money sentiment is on the wane in their part of the state. They report it is growing stronger every day, and the same report comes from many other quarteds. The convention will be a harmonious and enthusiastic one.

There is a disposition in some of the river county delegations to have the resolutoins include a caustic reference to the late Ottumwa convention, held by the fusionists, as undemocratic and populistic, but this will probably be ruled out as injudicious.

There is a minority, not expected to develop great strength, which would like to have a state and congressional ticket, but these will probably make no fight in the convention or resolutions committee. The disposition of the great majority is to devote all energies to the national ticket.

In these dispatches a day or two ago was

given the statement of Colonel L. M. Martin, national committeeman, that the democratic sound money vote would run from 45,000 standard state convention was called to to 59,000 in the state, of which 20,000 would order this afternoon by Chairman C. A. Ewing of the state committee. About 1,000 money ticket. The delegates who in thus far say this estimate is a low one, and that the sound money vote is likely to be con-

convention here today in representative hall. in accepting the honor delivered a spirited speech in denunciation of the Chicago convention, its platform and its candidate. His laudatory mention of President Cleveliminary business was quickly dispatched during a short session, and when the convention reconvened in the afternoon a platform was adopted, twenty delegates after the administration of President Cleve land had been endorsed by a unanimous and rising voic as "fearless, honest, patriotic and purely democratic," the convention adjourned sine die.

The resolutions adopted repudiate the Chicago platform as undemocratic and unpa-triotic, repudiate the nominees of that convention and declare the gold standard democracy of Kansas to be in favor of the nomination of third candidates for presi dent and vice president by the convention to be held at Indianapolis. The resolutions also declare for a tariff for revenue only and against the government ownership of railroads. The railroad platform of the Chicago platform is roundly denounced. All mention of state politics seems to have been studiously avoided, and as no state nominations were made it is the general impression tonight that the vote of the gold democracy will be cast for Governor Morrill and the republican ticket as opposed

to the democratic-populist fusion.

The following were elected delegates-atarge to the Indianapolis convention: Thomas enton, Leavenworth; Samuel Kimble, Manhattan; W. H. Rossington, Topeka; W. E. Garver, Larned; C. E. Hutchins, Kansas City, and G. Boyd of Harvey county; also two delegates from each of the seven con

Silver Parties in Michigan Try Agree on a Fusion Plan.

BAY CITY, Mich., Aug. 25 .- The demoappointment of the usual committees, the convention adjourned until 4 o'clock. The populist state convention was called

to the proposed division of offices was

The silver state convention was called to order by Chairman Sligh. Alfred Williams urer, was selected as temporary chairman. A ters a committee was appointed to confer with the other parties upon a union ticket, after which the convention adjourned until 3

Sound Money Men Organizing Clubs

Throughout Nebraska. BANCROFT, Neb., Aug. 25 .- (Special.)-The opening address of the campaign in Bancroft was made last evening, when Attor ney General Churchill delivered a most ex cellent discourse on the sound money side of the money question to the largest crowd of people ever gathered in the village park For two hours the speaker held his audience as a unit, and quite a portion of the time was devoted to the producing of statistics, after which the McKinley club's list was

swelled to the number of 170.

BEATRICE, Aug. 25.—(Special.)—The Beatrice McKinley Sound Money club has a bona fide list of about 1,100 members. The Bryan silver club claims only a little more

money ticket. The delegates who in thus far age this estimate is allow one, and that the sound money vote is likely to be consistent. The following ticket was unanimously agreed upon at a caucus held late last night: Governor, General John C. Black; licutenant governor. Chester Babocok; attorney genural, William & Perman, state of excitement this afternoon by the meeting of a convention of sound money democrats to select delegates to fistate. L. De Kadeskif; adultor, P. E. W. Brink; university trustees, A. C. Babcock and Clara Bourland.

Many democrats, prominent in state and national politics, were present. Senator Failmer was heartly cheered as he entered the hall. John P. Höpkins, ex-one control and the state of excitement the control and the state of excitement and the interest of the hall. John P. Höpkins, ex-one control and the state of excitement and the interest of the hall. John P. Höpkins, ex-one control and the state of excitement and the interest of the hall. John P. Höpkins, ex-one control and the state of excitement and the state of excitement and the sound money and protection, and national politics, were present.

See and Clara democratic material committeemen, eccupied seats, as did Henry Rab, superintendent of public instruction the first two years of Governor Altgeld's doministration and the state committee. A motion to adjourn was defeated and cries for Scantor Palmer brought hat gentleman to granulation and the state commute. A motion to adjourn was defeated and cries for Scantor Palmer brought hat gentleman to repulsion and the state commute. A motion to adjourn was defeated and cries for Scantor Palmer brought that gentleman to repulsion and the state commute. A motion to adjourn was defeated and cries for Scantor Palmer brought that gentleman to repulsion and the state commute. A motion to adjourn was defeated and cries for Scantor Palmer brought that gentleman to repulsion and the state commute. A motion to adjourn was defeated and cries for Scantor Palmer brought that gentleman to repu

and county ticket nominated by the republican party. At a meeting held last evening Miss Jennie Ward was elected presi-dent; Mrs. George R. Colton, vice president; Mrs. J. W. Reinhardt, secretary, and Mrs. S. D. Coe, treasurer. Short speeches were made and the exercises were en-livened by songs by the Young Ladies' Re-

publican Glee club. HASTINGS, Aug. 25.—(Special.)—L. A. Payne of this city addressed the McKinley club and a large crowd of others at the court house last night. He devoted most of his time to the money question and held the closest attention of his audience, DODGE, Neb., Aug. 25.—(Special.)—Dodge has organized a McKinley and Hobart

sound money club with a membership of 135. There are quite a number of the German and Bohemian democratic voters who have declared themselves in favor of sound money and will vote for William McKinley saying that they want no 50-cent dollars if they can prevent it by their votes. OAK, Neb., Aug. 25,—(Special.)—A Mc-Kinley club of 105 members was organized in this town Saturday evening, with Dr. C. O. Robinson as president and A. C. Maynard secretary. Hon. Wallace Christy will address the people on the issues of the day Saturday. The Oak band and Glee club will be in attendance.
PLATTSMOUTH, Neb., Aug. 25.—(Special.)

-Last evening the town of Murray, eight miles south of here, was filled with a crowd of enthusiastic republicans, who organized a McKinley club. The meeting was held in the school house, which edifice was fammed. The organization of the club was effected by the election of John W. Edmunds, president; Judge R. W. Swear-ingen, secretary, and William E. Dull, treasurer. The three officers made rousing speeches of acceptance. A. J. Green, Jake Beeson and Judge Spurlock spoke. The cratic state convention was called to order T. I. Bennett, vice presidents; R. R. Thornat noon by Chrirman Baker of the state gate, secretary, and T. H. Kinsey, treasurer. central committee. Charles S. Hampton was selected as temporary chairman. After the appointment of the usual committees, the

the call. B. B. Taylor made a speech and the usual committees were appointed. A membership of eighty. The meeting was carried and other political parties relative to the proposed division of offices was

# CAMPAIGN BECOMING VERY WARM. ISSUE NOT OPEN TO DEBATE

Tom Reed Says Silver Monometallism Will Not Bear Discussion,

MAINE STATESMAN'S ELOQUENT ADDRESS

West Needs Capital to Develop Ite Resources and Will Be Wise Enough to See Where Its Interests Lie.

OLD ORCHARD, Me., Aug. 25.-Speaker

Thomas B. Reed addressed a large gathering of enthusiastic republicans here today. the bottom has fallen out of the Bryan His address was devoted almost entirely boom as badly in other parts of the state to a discussion of the evil effects which he insisted would follow the election of the insisted would follow the election of the PLAINVIEW, Neb., Aug. 25.—(Special)—Her found in particular to make the great repeated its organization tonight with an enrollment of 141 members. Many sound money democrats have joined the league. Friday night.

FRIEND, Neb., Aug. 25.—(Special.)—Hon. H. M. Bushnell of Lincoln spoke at this place Saturday night to an audience of about 760. His "blackboard talk" was very interesting and instructive. The audience was enthusiastic and the points well received. His arguments in favor of a protective tariff were convincing. The Glee club, which accompanied him, was very entertaining and received great applause from the audience. TEKAMAH, Neb., Aug. 25.—(Special.)—Its is becoming very evident to the republicans of this vicinity that the farmers are not all for Bryan by any means. A country precinct near this city that has long been on the issues a club roll was presented and forty signers secured. The populists, after several weeks' work, have secured but two or three more in that community.

ASHLAND, Neb., Aug. 25.—(Special.)—The McKinley and Hobart club rooms are to be come ach evening from now until election. The club now outnumbers the Bryan-Sewall Watson combination three to one. The republicans haven't had a man in the precinct forsake the party so far, and have geined fifteen democrats, who will vote for the kill was organized.

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BERLIN, Neb., Aug. 25.—(Special.)—The republicans held a raily here Saturday evening. The hall was well filled and muche inhusiasm demo-populist candidate for the presidency. After a brief introduction, he said in part:

work to climo out of our frounces and the process is slow. While we are climbing out we suffer.

In 1825 England had one of those paroxysms like the one we are passing through now. Everything there had been prosperous for a long time. The hum of industry was heard all over the land. Men's eyes looked into each other with trust and faith in all mankind. Capital was accumulated in legitimate business, which is the supply of each other's wants. Then accumulated capital, cager for employment, burst the restraints of society and speculation set in. Companies were formed to do everything under the sun and lend everybody money, from the czar of Russia to the king of the Mosquito shore. Pretty soon, after a slight drain of gold, it occurred to some one to figure up all these contracts and the astonished nations found that England had agreed to lend more money than there was in the world, twice over. Then the bubble burst, merchants failed, banks broke, universal distrust poured over the land. For one day trade absolutely cosed in London. Nobody would take anybody's notes or buy anybody's securities. Where was the difference between England prosperous and England at a standstill? It was all in the change of one word. Confidence was prosperity, distrust was ruin. Then began the slow growth of confidence again, which took years, but England's prosperity did not perish.

ETORY OF OUR OWN PANIC.

In our own country we have had many such instances, many more than I mean to mention, for history on that subject is as cheap and abundant as wheat when times are hard. We have just passed through another of those terrible crises and are on our way to other years of wealth, with this additional benefit, that the distribution of wealth, when we reach it, will be more of wealth, when we reach it, will be more even, as well as more abundant than ever before.

In 1893 we had as great a crash as we

In 1833 we had as great a crash as we had in 1873; all the world went with us, but for special causes we had gone further and it is for us a longer way back. In 1852 we thought hard times had been banished forever; we were sure that work and high pay were never more to be separated. But we were mistaken. Pride goeth before destruction and haughty spirit before a fall. The election of 1852 was a great mistake. It may be we would have had a collapse then, no one can be quite sure. But if we had been in skillful hands we should never have gone so far or suffered so much. club has a membership of over seventy.

ARCADIA, Neb., Aug. 25.—(Special.)—A McKinley club of 125 members has been organized at this place. The officers are: George E. Hastings, president; P. W. Round, J. Rowley, George Strothdee, T. M. Trindle, T. I. Bennett, vice presidents; R. R. Thorngate, secretary, and T. H. Kinsey, treasurer. The club is getting ready to do some good hard campaign work. It is expected that Hon. A. E. Cady will speak here next week and preparations will be made for a big rally.

HASTINGS, Neb., Aug. 25.—(Special Telegram.)—A railway men's sound money club was organized here this evening with a membership of eighty. The meeting was largely attended and much interest manifested. The officers elected are: I. J. Belmap, president; A. M. Hall, first vice president; J. E. Elinor, secretary; J. H. Roberis, treasurer. The club has established headquarters and a reading room at 1022 West First street, where regular meetings will be held each Monday evening.

Name County Candidates.

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Stand by Frue democracy and our duty is democrate principles. The platform at close, be convention adjourned until of the convention that the platform of the convention of th